

RE: Windfall Oil & Gas PERMIT # : PAS2D020BCLE PERMITTED FACILITY: Class 2-D injection well, Zelman #1

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ENVIR. APPEALS BOARD

SUBMITTED BY:

Randall R. Baird 1273 Highland St. EXT DuBois, Pa 15801-4543 PHONE # : 814-583-7180 EMAIL: fairway08@windstream.net

March 6, 2014

TO:

Clerk of the Board U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 1201 Constitution Avenue, NW WJC East, Room3334 Washington, DC 20004 PHONE # :202-233-0122

I, Randall R. Baird, am requesting an appeal to deny the permit for a class II-D disposal injection well, PERMIT # :PAS2D020BCLE, Zelman # 1, Windfall Oil & Gas Inc., located at Tower Lane, DuBois, Pa. I commented at the public hearing and also submitted written comment to the EPA. I was once in the employ of Schlumberger Well Svc. and feel I have some insight into the oil and gas industry. I have also maintained word and page limits for this document.

My property is approx. 700ft down hill from the proposed well site. The well site is the recharge area for numerous fresh water wells in our village of Highland St. EXT., as stated in the report conducted by Resource Management Services Inc. for Windfall Oil & Gas. (See attachment A) The stress of the daily threat of being exposed to this toxic stew would be unbearable as you can well imagine. Monitoring plans for a few water wells is not the answer. Others may be contaminated while surveyed wells would test good. The EPA must consider location when reviewing UIC permit applications. Location is a very important factor for the risk of ground water and USDW contamination. Spills and accidents never happen in containment areas.

Second: From the "Response to Comments" Page 10, item # 12) "Abandoned or improperly plugged gas wells may pose a risk to drinking water supplies", the last sentence reads, "In addition, there are no drinking water wells located within the 1/4 mile area of review". This statement is in error as there are 14 documented on the permitee's UIC application Plat Map that are from 659ft to 994ft from the would be well bore and several others that were not documented within the 1/4 mile area of review. (See attachment B)

Third: From the "Response to Comments" Page 5, Item: "Faults Near the Proposed Well". EPA statement reads, "EPA obtained, geologic info indicating the possible presence of several faults within the 1/4 mile review area. Further, the faults "appear" to be localized, "non-transmissive" faults. Since there has been no specific geolgic studies of this area, that statement is vague and without merit. EPA goes on to say, "USGS has recorded seismic events in Clearfield County although such events are rare. The County is not located in a seismically active area. Neither was Youngstown, Ohio. My point is, I don't know what is down there, and obviously, neither does anyone else. Rolling the dice in this community of many people with fresh water wells at stake is a catastrophe waiting to happen and would add yet more negative publicity to an already beleaguered industry. (See attachments "C" and "D", Faults in the area of the proposed well, and attachments "E" & "G" from the publication, "Sub-surface Liquid Waste Disposal and its Feasibility in Pa.") written by the Commonwealth of Pa. Dept. of Environmental Resources bureau of Geologic Survey.

Our properties have already taken a big hit in property value and the well has not yet been drilled. My neighbor tried to sell his home. Had a realtor list it for 6 months. He actually had people place a deposit on his property only to have them renege because of the threat of this disposal well and the threat of not having potable water. This permit should be denied on that bases alone.

Fourth: In the "Response to Comments" page 3 of section 7, "Faults near the Proposed Well", the statement, "These faults "appear" to be localized, non-transmissive faults. There is no geologic evidence that indicates these faults are transmissive to the deep Precambrian basement rock or to the surface." There is also no evidence that indicates that they are not transmissive to the deep Precambrian basement rock or to the surface. Way to vague and to much guess work here. More in depth geologic studies of this area should be performed to prove all the theory and speculation. It's our water and ultimately our lives he is messing with here. Once the water is gone it's gone. There has been way to much complacency and guess work involved in this project so far. Our lives are in the hands of an individual who has never installed or operated an injection well before and who's reputation around DuBois does not give one a warm fuzzy feeling. We are taking this threat to our health, invasion of our rights, and theft of our hard earned property values very seriously.

FIFTH: "Response to Comments" page 5 of section 7, "Faults near Proposed Well" states that "While maps do show some faults in the basement rock beneath Clearfield County, the Precambrian basement rock is located approximately 11,000ft below the proposed injection zone. Yet, the fifth paragraph under "Factors affecting fluid transmission and pore pressure" on page 7 states, "Because of the non-transmissive nature of the faults, (non-transmissive nature? we don't know this for sure), fluid that is injected into the Huntersville Chert/Oriskany formation at the proposed injection well location "should", (another should), be confined within the fault block. What fault block? I see no indication of a fault block on any maps in the UIC or final permit packages. Also, how will the fluid be contained by the faults if the faults are at 18,000+ft? (See attachments "C", "D", and "E" for fault maps of proposed well area)

SIXTH: In the "Response to Comments" page 9, section 9, "No injection wells in Clearfield County". Looking at your numbers for injected fluids into the Chert/Oriskany for one of these wells, 623,405 barrels were injected over a 9 year period. That computes to 5772 bbl per month. The other EXCO well injected 371,481 over a 25 year period which computes to 1206 bbl per month. I don't see any correlation between these wells and the one proposed for my back yard since it will inject 30,000 bbl per month or 360,000 bbl per year. You also did not mention that one of these wells failed and EXCO was fined \$160,000 for the violation. These wells are also located in a very remote setting where well failures, spills and the like would not be detected as easily or possibly harm water supplies for dozens of families. Crazy. (See attachment "F" for the "Village of Highland Street EXT" and the prevailing ground water flow from the direction of the proposed DIW) The Clearfield County Comprehensive Plan for Brady Twp. states that no expansion of the Brady water system is recommended. They can't even supply their fire trucks at the present time so if our water is destroyed, basically, so are those in this neighborhood. Windfall should be required to bond this proposed well for several million dollars. This was an issue that was not addressed in the "Response to Comments" but I feel it should have been.

SEVENTH: Under "Response to Comments" page 12, section 15. The fact that fluids produced from oil and gas production are exempt from hazardous waste regulations is absolutely ludicrous. Everyone knows that just because a peice of paper says these fluids are safe it does not make them safe. (Halliburton Loophole) Many of the known chemicals in this waste are listed on the governments list of hazardous toxic chemicals. It a travesty that the greed of a couple of politicians could perpetrate this crime on the American public and get away with it. I would like to have the EPA explain how this fluid is a "residual waste" rather than a "hazardous waste" that should be injected into a class I injection well. Class I would fix the set backs and this toxic waste that is going to be under my property without my permission would not be happening.

Eighth: Under the "Response to Comments" page 11 section 14, "Why won't the injected fluid come back up once it's injected"? One of the statements reads, "In addition, there are no other artificial penetrations (e.g., abandoned wells) that penetrate the injection zone within the area of review." There may not be any in the area of review but there are several old wells, some plugged, some inactive and some producing that are but feet outside the 1/4 mile review area. They are 156', 161', 427', 1580', and 60' outside the review area. (See attached Plat Map). Your response does not address the fact that this fluid is not going to stop at the edge of the 1/4 mile review area or that it will continue to travel to who knows where or when.

40 C.F.R. \$146.22 (a)All new Class II wells shall be sited in such a fashion that they inject into a formation which is seperated from any USDW by a confining zone that is free of known open faults and fractures. We don't know if the confining zone is free of open faults or fractures unless we do a thorough gelogic study.

How can your response be that "The absence of any other artificial penetration into the injection zone within the area of review will prevent injection fluid from migrating out of the injection zone. The 5 old wells into the same formation as the target zone would cast a seed of doubt on that statement. These wells were fractured. (See attached well logs) Those fractures can extend out to 2000' according to a DOE test well in Pa. That would put fractures inside the 1/4 mile review area and into the Huntersville/Chert and Oriskany which are the target zones for the proposed DIW. Fracturing may have also compromised the confining layers themselves. (See

Two of these old wells are listed as plugged. One of them, the Carlson well, # 20341 is very suspect because it emits gaseous orders that neighbors have complained about. This well is also in a direct path with the projected fluid migration from the DIW. It is 427' outside the 1/4 mile review area. Another of the wells, Ginter # 20333, which has been inactive for approx. 1 1/2 years is also troublesome. At 7344', it to is into the confining zone and is but 161' outside the area of review. When maintenance was performed on this well, two neighbors who are in close proximity to it, 300' or so, complain about tainted water. The casing and/or cementing are very suspect at this well which was also drilled in 1960.

Based on the previous stated issues I believe the EAB should review the submitted documentation, which I feel was not satisfied by the "Response to Comments" and deny this permit for an injection well in the Community of Highland Street Ext. Thank you for your consideration on this most serious of issues.

DATE: 3/10/14

EXAMPLES FOLLOW:

Appeal N Docket N Statute(s Type Program(o. Ml-009-2) Safe Drin Permit	
File Date Decision Citation	09/28/20 Date 03/05/20 15 E.A.D	13
Result	Remand	<u>Order</u> (187 kb, 21 pages)
Appeal N Docket N Statute(s Type Program(o.)	UIC 12-02 PAS2D010BVEN Safe Drinking Water Act Permit UIC
File Date Decision Citation	Date	11/05/2012 03/28/2013 15 E.A.D
Result		Order Denying Review In Part and Remandin In Part (734 kb, 28 pages)
No.(s) Docket No. ; Statute ; (s)	JIC 11-03 PAS2D215BWAF and PAS2D216BWAF Safe Drinking Water Act Permit JIC	
Decision Date Citation	07/08/2011 06/28/2012 15 E.A.D Order Denying Review in Part and Remanding n Part (220 kb,	

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Result 24 pages)

Attachment "A"

CONCLUSIONS

This report describes the hydrogeologic investigation conducted by Resource Management Services, Inc. in order to address Attachments B, D and P for Windfall Oil & Gas Corporation's Underground Injection Control Permit Application for an injection well on the Zelman Property in Brady Township, Clearfield County, Pennsylvania.

The investigation indicates that the proposed injection well is located on a near hilltop ledge, upslope and up-dip from several water supplies, primarily to the west of the site. Near surface flow from the site radiates to the east, west and south with the prevailing groundwater flow direction to the West-Northwest.

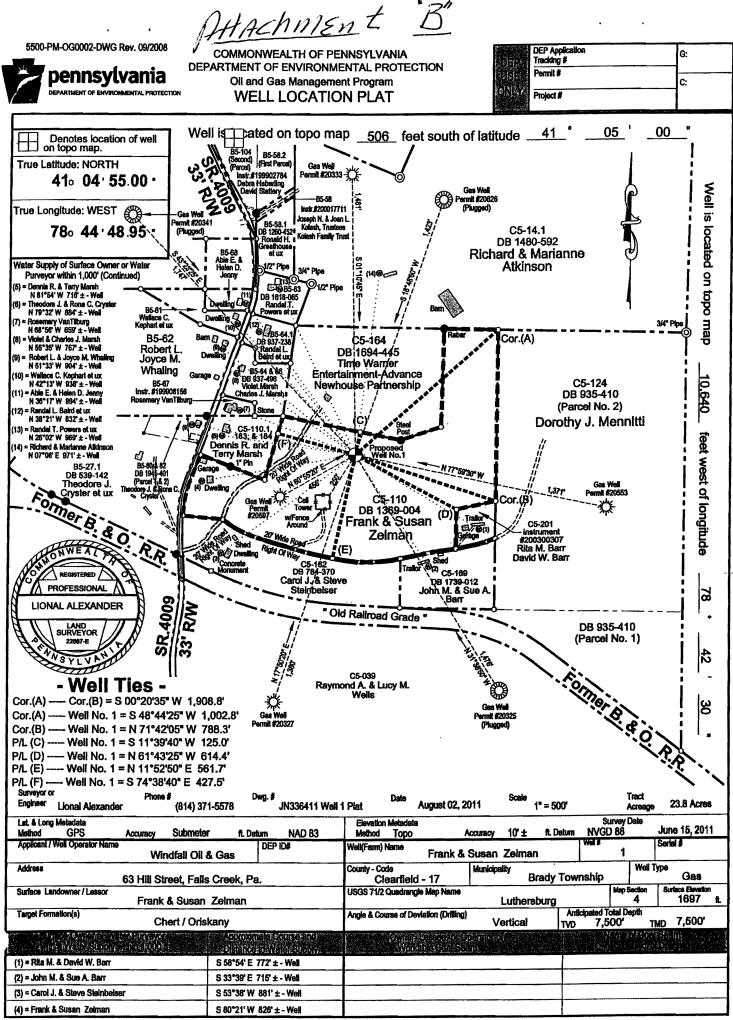
A review of water supply information indicates that total well depths are less than 400 feet with most in the 100-150 foot range within the Conemaugh or upper Allegheny groups of bedrock formations. There are no existing domestic water wells with total depths below an elevation of approximately1200 feet MSL.

A review of published information and gas well logs indicate that "fresh water" would not be encountered below as elevation of 900 feet MSL.

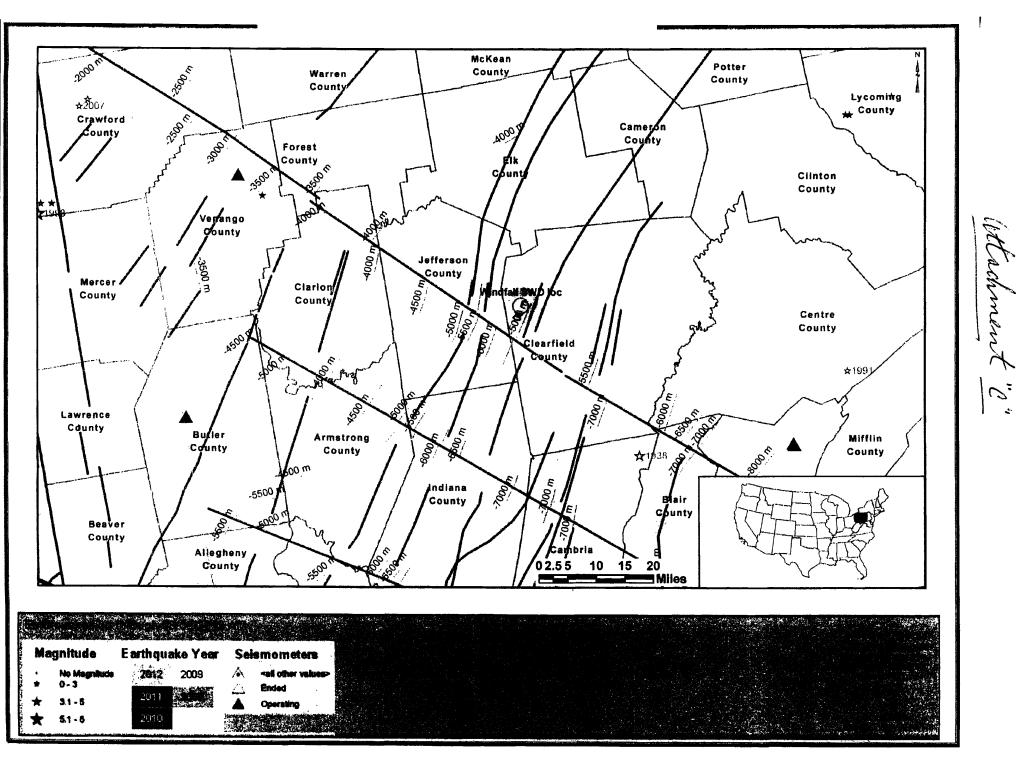
As a result of these findings, there are several thousand feet of separation between usable groundwater aquifers and the target injection zone, the Oriskany Sandstone.

However, the injection well site is located within the recharge area of several domestic water supplies and proper construction and cementing techniques used when installing the injection well casing(s) will be imperative so that there are no impacts to these supplies. The background sampling event indicated that the water quality of these supplies is generally very good. As a result, a sampling plan has been proposed in this report to test selected water supplies and surface water points to monitor for potential influences during the initial drilling and operational periods of the proposed injection well.

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- List Continued - See Above On Well Plat -

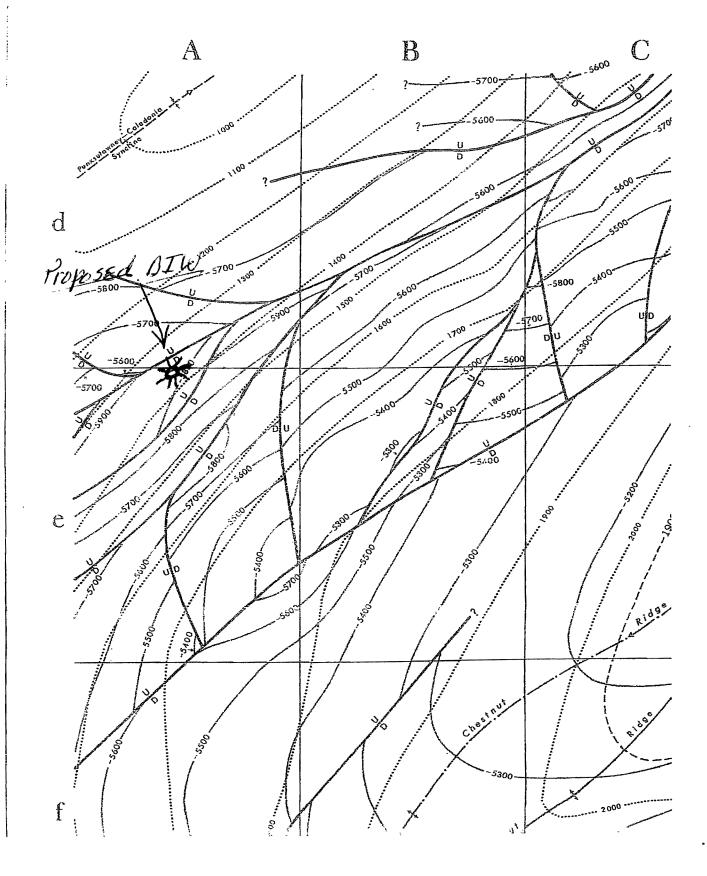


attachment "D"

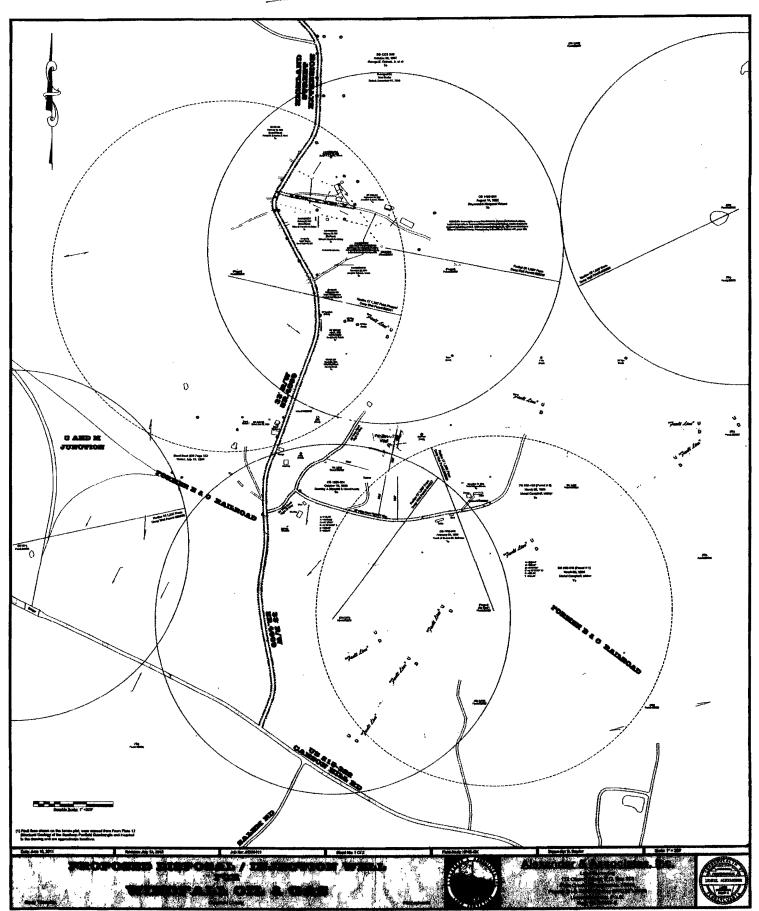
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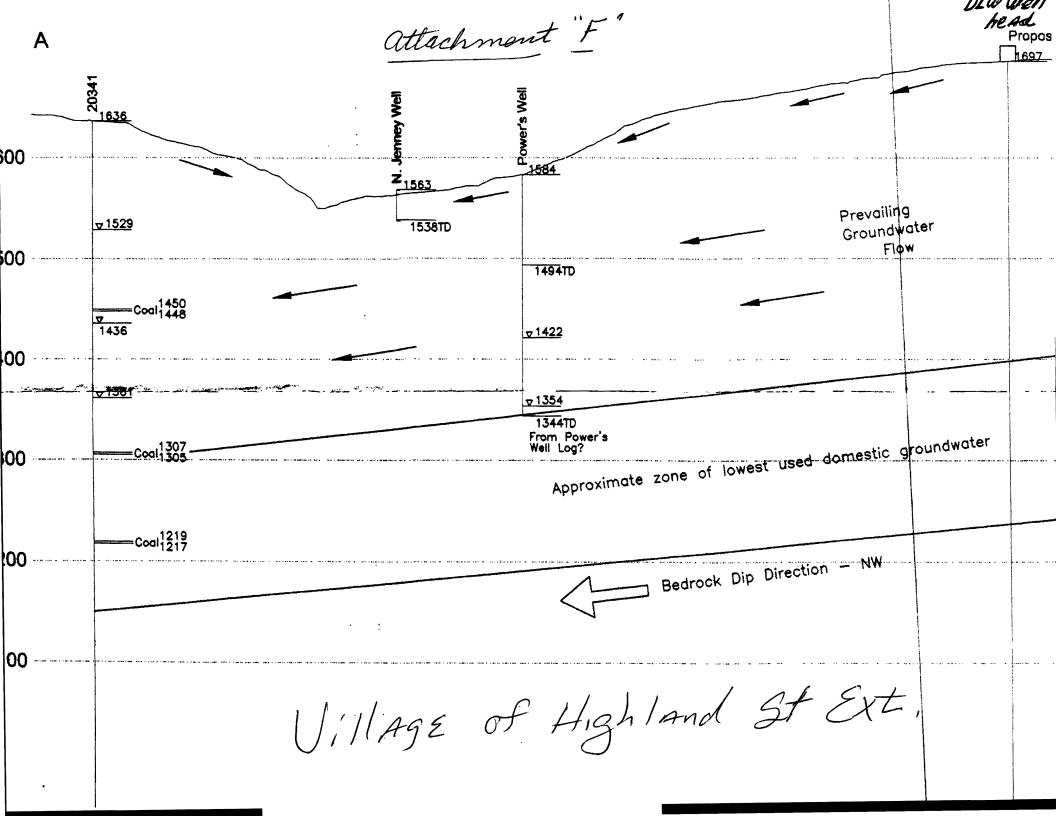
PENNSYLVANIA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

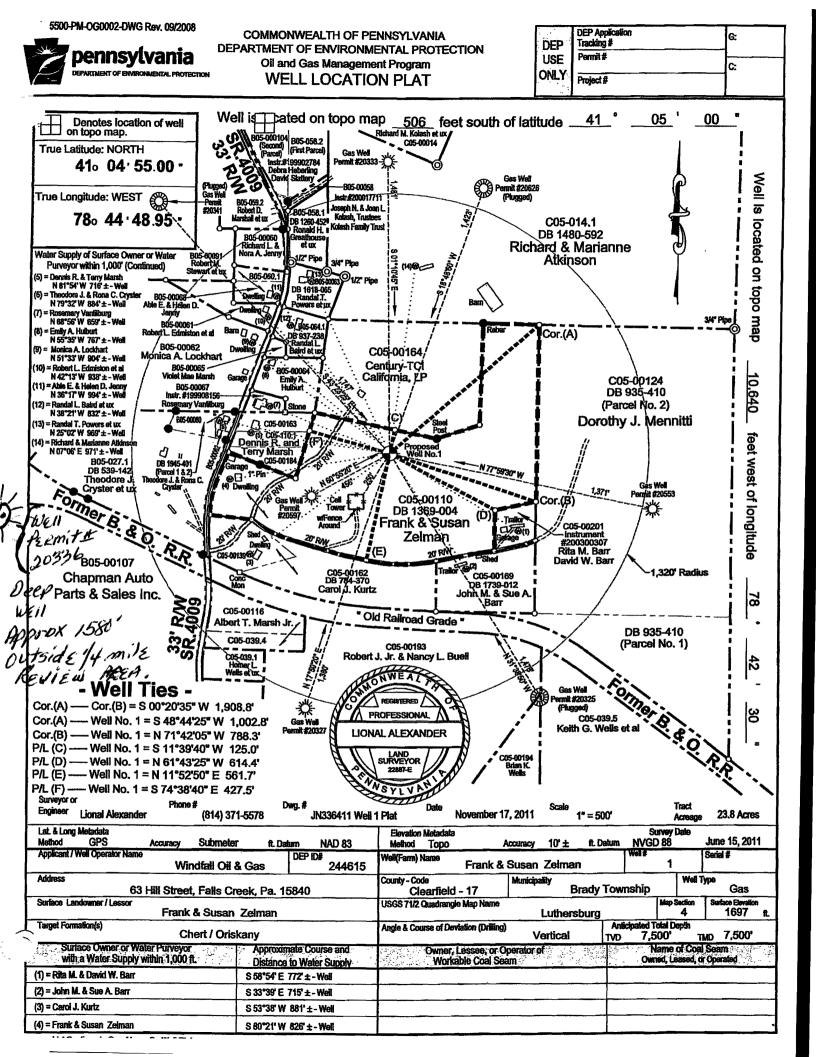
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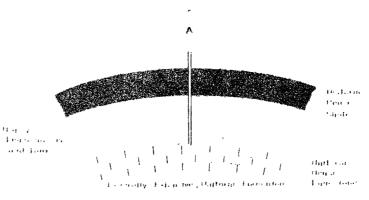




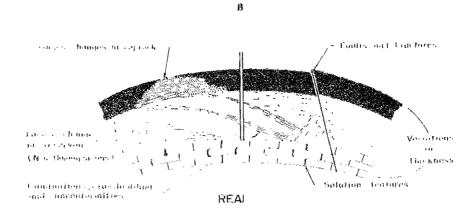
attachment "G"

SUBJULIACE LIQUO WASTE DISPOSAL

These sequences may appear orderly (Fig. 1A) but they seldom are. Variation of an k-types in effectivity depositional environment, are often displanted on a smaller with within the large rock mut (Fig. 1B). A list transmiption at the supply of course reducent or the discretion of a displantic prime may as all indeposition of a third face of elay: $\lambda_{\rm environment}$ to be a sufficient day of a third face of elay: $\lambda_{\rm environment}$ to be a part of the face of order of the specific day of the transmitter of the sufficient of the face of elay: $\lambda_{\rm environment}$ to be a sufficient day of the face of the the specific day of the face of the sufficient of the sufficient of the sufficient of the specific day of the sufficient of the sufficient



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QUADRANGLE, DUBOLS "" [] 731 [3 151	,	PERMIT NO.	033-20 em 336	
MAP REFERENCE: 1350 NL 2100 EL WELL F	RECORD	kind of we	L: <u>Gas</u> (011	, Gas, Other)
COLFANY: Lee E. Minter	Size of Casing and Tubing	Usod in Drilling	Loft in Well	Fackers: Type, Size and Dapth
ADDRESS: 9 Florence St. Bradford, Pa.	20"	19.60'	19.60'	
FARM T W Chapman (Little Times Square)	13:378"	218.08'	218.08	
WELL (FARM) NO GO. SERIAL NO.	.9 5/8"	1190.03'	1190.03	
ELEVATION:LEASE ;	54"	71991	71991	
TOWNSHIP: Brady COUNTY: Clearfield DRILLING COMMENCED: 12/20/81 COMPLETED: 1/13/61	۲ ۱۹۹۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ ۱۹۹۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰۰۹ - ۲۰			
PRODUCTION: 1.200 MCF				PERFORATIONS AT
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WELL TREATMENT: (Shooting, Acidising, Fracturing Etc.)				
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	objenting di	ITAL (STRO.	Fipe, Dept	h. No. Bags, Date
	<u>20"</u>	9,60'	15 sacks	12/20/60
	13 3/1	3" 218' 2	15 Sacks	12/21/60
RESULTS AFTER TREATMENT: 5,876 MCE	9.5/6	<u>3" 1190'</u>	50 Sacks	12/24/60
NOCK PRESSURE AFTER TREATMENT: 2,059# 66Hrs	54"	7199'	150 sack	1/1.0/61
REMARKS #	•	•		
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COMMONWEAL 14,500'S 41'07'S0' DEPARTMENT OF MINES 550'W 78'45'00' OIL AND GA				
	10	PERMIT NO.	Coal sea	20341-f ms un-workable
AP REFERENCE: 29, 650' S/NL	RECORD	KIND OF WE	LL: <u>Ga</u> (011,	Gos, Other)
MPANY: Felmont Oil Corporation	Size of Casing and Tubing	Used in Drilling	Left in Well	Pockers: Type, Size and Depth
DRESS: P. O. Box 354, Bradford, Penna.	13 3/8"	228. 221	228, 221	
RM Josephine Carlson, et alACRES_48	8 5/8"	1312.00'	1312.00'	
CLL FARM NO CO. SERIAL NO. E-128 Sylvania #6972 EVATION: 1644! RT LEASE: FPal-9673	5 1/2"	7370.221	7370.221	
WNSHIP: <u>Brady</u> COUNTY: <u>Clearfield</u> RILLING DRILLING DMMENCED: <u>11/1/60</u> COMPLETED: <u>11/26/60</u>	· · ·			
RODUCTION: 4, 150, 000 cu, ft,				PERFORATIONS AT:
DCK PRESSURE; <u>2839</u> pslg, <u>20</u> hrs.				
ELL TREATMENT: (Shooting, Acidizing, Fracturing Etc.)	·	·		<u> </u>
1/25/60 - Halliburton hydrafrac from 7299' - o 7365' with 11,900 gal. frac fluid; propping gent 9,000# 20-40 sand. 3,500# 10-30 sand;	CEMENTING D	1	line Depth	No. Bogs, Dote)
,000 gal. MCA acid; 500# WG-4 gel agent; 00# CW-1 breaker agent; 30 gals, Howco	11/6 - Set sacl	13 3/8 ⁿ dr cs of Regu	ive pipe @ lar cement	230' with 175
ude; 3, 500# sand; Max. pressure: 4500#.	11/9 - Set of R	8 5/8" cas	ing @ 1320	1 with 375 sacks
SULTS AFTER TREATMENT:	11/18 -Set of R	5 1/2" cas <u>egular cor</u>	ing @ 7299	with 125 sacks 0 sacks of
OCK PRESSURE AFTER TREATMENT, 2810# - 72 hrs.	Aqu	agel.		

EMARKS: Gas Tested At: 7355! = 2, 500, 000 cu. ft. 7360' - 3, 200, 000 cu. ft. 7365' - 4, 150, 000 cu. ft.

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FORMATION	тор	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (Fresh or Salf Water)	REMARKS
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and hale and hale	268 280 304 308	280 304 308 329			275'(fresh)	
Joal .	329	331				
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UADRANGLE: Lufte as Busy HARRI Lufte as Busy HARRI Eenfield X 7% 1	SBURG	PERMIT NO.	US3-20	
AP REFERENCE: 95 17W 563 W117 & 118 WELL	RECORD	KIND OF WE	LL: <u>GAS</u> (011	, Gas, Other)
OMPANY: New York State Natural Gas Corporation	Size of Casing and Tubing	Used in Drilling	Left in Well	Packers: Type, Size and Depth
DDRESS: 2 Gateway Center, Pgh. 22, Penna.	<u>13 3/8"</u>	961	961	
ARM H. E. Ginter Est. ACRES 172	9 5/8"	1285	12851	BHS @ 1287
ELL(FARM)NO. 1 CO. SERIAL NO. N-796	<u>7".</u>	73351	73351	BHS @ 7267
LEVATION: 1642.34 LEASE: 60986				:
OWNSHIP: Brady COUNTY: Clearfield RILLING DRILLING OMMENCED: 12-1-60 COMPLETED: 12-23-60				· · ·
RODUCTION: 10,504,000 cubic feet				PERFORATIONS AT:
COCK PRESSURE: 2340 psig 70 hrs.	•			
ELL TREATMENT: (Shooting, Acidizing, Fracturing Etc.)				:
2-22-60-Fractured w/20,000 gals. water, 200 lb. el, 1,000 gal acid and 20,000 lb sand. Break- own pressure 3000 lbs; maximum pressure 3750 lb	GEMENTING DA	TA: (Size	Pipe, Dept	th, No. Bags, Date
n al open flow of 48,000 cubic ft. in chert n 525,000 cubic ft. in Oriskany increased to	12-3-60 -	13 3/8" ce	m. w/90 sa	ax
0,405,000 cubic ft. A/F. R.P. b/f 2450 lbs 42 hrs. dead weight.	12-7-60 -	9 5/8" cen	n. @ 1287 n	v/50 sax cem &
ESULTS AFTER TREATMENT:	20 sax	aquagel		
ROCK PRESSURE AFTER TREATMENT:	12-16-60 .	- 7" cem @	7267 w/12	5 sax

TEMARKS: * Well Permit Request and all initial Records Referred to this Well as "DuBois Deposit TEMARKS: * Well Permit Request and all initial Records Referred to this Well as "DuBois Deposit Tational Bank Trustee Etal". They are in fact Successor Trustee Under the Henry E. Ginter Deed of Trust. In the Interest of Brevity, We have Established and are Using the Farm Name as Recorded bove. · ·

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FORMATION	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	TA LIO	WATER AT (Fresh or Salt Water)	REMARKS
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DEPARTMENT	ľ	of	MINES

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0il and Gas Division HARRISBURG 77% X 15'

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033-20325-P

PERMIT NO. CHE-325-P

MAP REFERENCE: 10S 17W S64 W117 WELL	RECORD	KIND OF WE	LL: <u>Cas</u> -	Dry , Gas, Other)
COMPANY: New York State Natural Gas Corporation	Size of Casing and	Used in Drilling	Left in Well	Proleman
ADDRESS: #2 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh 22, Pa.	13-3/8"	601	601	
FARM John R. Potter ACRES 68	9-5/8"	11561	2941	BHS @ 1152
WELL(FARM)NO. #1CO. SERIAL NO. N-782	Vent 2"		274 1	
ELEVATION: 1627.80 LEASE: 58357				
TOWNSHIP: Brady COUNTY: Clearfield DRILLING DRILLING DRILLING COMMENCED: 8/7/60 COMPLETED: 10/13/60	· · · · ·			
PRODUCTION: Dry Hole - Plug and Abandon				PERFORATIONS AT:
ROCK PRESSURE:psig hrs.				
WELL TREATMENT: (Shooting, Acidizing, Fracturing Etc.)		 		· · · · · ·
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CEMENTING D	TA: (Size	Pipe, Dept	b, No. Bags, Date
-(8/8/60 - 1	3-3/8" cem.	w/50 sach	65
	8/11/60 - 9	-5/8" cem. nd 15 sacks	@ 1152' w/	50 sacks cem.
RESULTS AFTER TREATMENT:		IG IS BACKS	a aduager	
ROCK PRESSURE AFTER TREATMENT:				· · · ·

REMARKS:

FORMATION .	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (Fresh or Salt Water)	REMARKS
Cellar Sand & shale Lime & shale Sand & shale Coal or shale Sand Sand & shale Coal Sand & shale Shale & sand Sand & shale Shale & sand shells Sand & shale Shale & sand and & shale Shale & sand Shale & sand	0 18 210 220 255 265 319 409 415 2885 3295- 4130 4515 5060 5255 5555	18 210 255 265 319 409 415 2885 3295 4130 4515 4922 5255 5555 5907	3324 (вро	a)	FW 50	
			(Over)			

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	I OF PENNSYLVAN ENT OF MINES			ir of) 2
Oil and	Gas Division RRISBURG 151	PERMIT NO.	033-203	327	-
MAP REFERENCE: 95 17W 563 W117 WEL	L RECORD	KIND OF WE		, Gas, Other)	-
COMPANY: New York State Natural Gas Corporatio	Size of Casing and Tubing	Used in Drilling	Left in Well	Packers: Type, Size and Depth	-
ADDRESS: #2 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh 22, Pa.	13-3/8"	591	591	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_
FARM John R. Potter ACRES 68	9-5/8"	1251'	1251'	BHS @ 1248 1	-
WELL (FARM) NO. 2CO. SERIAL NO. N-790	71	73051	73051	BHS @ 7234!	_
ELEVATION: 1640.60 LEASE: _58357				······	-
TOWNSHIP: Brady COUNTY: Clearfield DRILLING DRILLING COMMENCED: 8/31/60 COMPLETED: 9/29/60					-
PRODUCTION: 30,370,000 cubic feet		<u> </u>		PERFORATIONS AT:	
ROCK PRESSURE:	cax	<u> </u>			-
WELL TREATMENT: (Shooting, Acidising, Fracturi Etc.)	1.				-
9/27/60 - Fractured w/20,500 gals. water, 1,0 gal. MCA, 150 lbs. gel and 20,000 lbs. sand. Breakdown pressure 2400 lbs.; maximum pressur		ATA: (Size	Pipe, Dep	th, No. Bags, Date	-
(lbs; minimum pressure. 2350 lbs.; final <u>b.ssure 3800 lbs. Original open flow of</u> 7,312,000 cubic feet increased to 30,370,000	8/31/6			0' w/50 sacks	
a/f Rock pressure b/f 3318 lbs. in 11 days RESULTS AFTER TREATMENT:		<u>- 9-5/8" c</u> 15 sacks a	em @ 12481 ouagel, &	<u>w/50 sacks cem.,</u> 25 sacks quadroflos	3
ROCK PRESSURE AFTER TREATMENT :	9/13/60	- 7" cem.	@ 723L1 w/	125 sacks.	-

REMARKS :

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FORMATION	TOP	BOTTOM	GAS AT	OIL AT	WATER AT (Fresh or Salt Water)	REMARKS
Surface	. 0	15				
Sand & shale	. 15	143			.FW 75	
Red shale	. 143	146		•		
Sand & shale	146	205				
Coal	. 205	209+		•		
Sand & shale	209	217				
Shale & sand	217	.303				
Coal or black shale	303	306-	ſ			
Shale & sand	306	320				
Shale	. 320	340				
Sand	. 340	. 550				
Shale & sand	550.	580				
Sand	580	650				
(le & sand	650	692				
	692	733	Į)	
Red shale	733	735				
			(Over)			

	750 ['] S	DEPA	RTMENT OF	H OF PERNSTLV. ENVIRONMENTAL OF OIL AND G PERNSYLVANIA	RESOURCES	- 01		njiy .	Inside
	LUTHI	78° 40' A option	Peo / #	ELL RECORD	CE PRO	ERMIT NO.	CLE-2059	<u></u>	Inside Aven of Review
	10			3716	,ТҮРЕ С /	of Well	(Gas Prod	uction	REVI20
LL OPER	ATOR Consol	lidated Gas S	upply Corp.		• 、	TELEPHO	NE NO.304-	623-3611	·
DRESS	1,4,5 We	est Main St.,	Clarksburg	and the second			ZIP 263	01 ·	
RM NAME	DuBois	B Deposit Nat	ional Bank		ARM S D. 3 N	ERIAL 10. WN-150	04 ACRE	s 172	
WNSHIP TLLING	Brady			COUNTY C	learfield				
MMENCED	6-18-7	76		COMPLETED	6-24-76) 			
EVATION	16721	· .	QUADR	ANGLE Lathers	NFIELD	x	712' 🗙	15'	
•••				ND TUBING RECO			-		•
ipe ize	Amount In Well		erial Behi Sks.)	nd Pipe Gel (Sks.)	Packer Type	Size	Depth	Date Run	
1 3/4	309	<u>185 to sur</u>	face		Guide	11 3/4	307 G.L.	6-19-76	
8 5/8	1207	<u>290 to sur</u>	face		Guide	8 5/8];	200 G.L.	6-22-76	
<u>4 1/2</u>	3547	275			Float	<u>4 1/2 3</u>	526 К.В.	6-25-76	
•	·	j-		iPL		<u> </u>	ease		
		3579		3412	DX	14	······		
K me	asurement' 11	above G.L.	l			l	•		
	In	Perforation terval Perfor		· ·	S Interval	timulation	Record (Fractive	
ite	<u> </u>		То	Date	Treated	Fluid	Sand	Rate	
-9-76	2587	259		7-9-76	2587-95	400 ььі	20,000#		
-9-76	2812	. 28]		7-9-76	2812-17		20,000#		
-9-76	2943	299		7-9-76	2943-93		.20,000#	·····	
-9 -76	3402	341	2 10	7-9-76	3422-12	<u>400 bbl</u>	20,000#		
								·····	
		<u> </u>	····	NATU			<u>il</u>	hrs.	
	DPEN FLOW	N.T.	MCF	AFTER	AL ROCK PRI			days	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	FLUW 581		KUCK	PRESSURE .	1180#		, 16 days	
EMARKS :		·····	· · ·		······································	RE	CEIVE	D	-{` -{` -{`
	·······					AU	163 1 1 976		
(AL))		• •						
Ű	1			•		Oil6	- Gas-Divisi	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
	1		······································	-	Zere	P.p.	d		
1	\mathbf{V}		F	ORMATION ON RE	_	ł i			-1

R-OG-4:71)	COMMONWEALTH	OF PENNSYLVAN	TA		Office T		
	. 12		RIMENT OF ENV	IRONMENTAL RE	SOURCES	O,			
	342	12, 1	PITTSBURGH, F	PENNSYLVANIA	15222	L		d	
	5	alem	(no/ MI	LL RECORD			0. <u>CLE-205</u>	53	
(₁		Dor.		900 So 4	dia n'	PPOJECT 1	~		
	U,	900'5	41" n's 'our"	#5 ZO, 850 W	78040'		ELL Gas Fro	duction	
		LUTHER	* C*** G (4)		(G) 6	0		
ELL OPER			ed Gas Supply			•		i	
DDRESS	44	5 West Me	in St., Clark	the second s	ARM	SERIAL		6301	
ARM NAME	DuBois Depo	sit Natio	onal Bank Trus). #2	NO, WN-		ES 172	
OWNSHIP: RILLING	Bra	.dy		COUNTY: DRILLING	<u>Clearfi</u>	el d			
OMMENCED	5-24	-74		COMPLETED	6-6-74				
LEVATION	1572		Q	UADRANGLE Pe	nfield			X 15'	
	·····	r		g and Tuhing I		•			
Pipe Size	Amt. In Well	Cer	Material Beh		Packe Type		Depth	Date Run	
16	13							5-24-74	
11 3/4	187	100			Guide	11 3/4	187	5-24-74	
8 5/8	1043	5	0	5	Guide	8 5/8	1038	5-26-74	
4 불	3388	275			Float	4 1/2	3388	5-30-74	
		T.D.	<u> </u>	<u> 12.2 i </u>	3.35 · I		Lease	1	
	ų	3437		3307	D	$\langle \rangle$	/	1	
(rforation			Sti	mulation	Record		
Date	Inte From	erval Per:	forated To	Date	Interval Treated	L Amt. Flui	Amt. d Sand	Injection Rate	
6-5-74	2955		3001	6-5-74	2955-3001	600 b	bl 30,000#	32.8 bpm.	
IJ	3282	3307		# 3282–33		7 571 в	ы 30,000#	35.1 bpm.	
						un n			
			•		RECEN	VEL/			
					FEB 519				
			•		GEOLOGIC I & Gas D				
Natural	Open Flow:	84.000	cu. ft.		1 Rock Pr		N.T.	hrs. days	
	•		1,592,000 cu.	After	Treatment Pressure	124	2	ixxxx 14 davs	
	•			rillers log d					
				test 84,000 c					
				" stimulation					
	zones were f				100010		- purioration		
011636	, and a more T	acoured.					R . I	1	
1	·					- Con C	12 10/100		
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[7]									
	\		For	nation on Reve	rse Side		Churchi T.	\$15	

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